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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/702,288	10/30/2000	Wen-Yin Liu	MS1-605US	1430
22801	7590 12/31/2003		EXAMINER	
LEE & HAYES PLLC			TO, BAOQUOC N	
SPOKANE,	RSIDE AVENUE SUITI WA 99201	E 500	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2172	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	/				
	09/702,288	LIU ET AL.8	1				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Baoquoc N To	2172					
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may reply within the statutory minimum of the statutory minimum of the will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mutute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.			ts is				
Disposition of Claims			•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are pending in the applicati	on.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd	frawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	_						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are rejected.	Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	accepted or b) \square objected t	o by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to t		• •					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-15	2.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a l 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome since a specific reference was included in the 37 CFR 1.78.	ents have been received. ents have been received in riority documents have bee eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). list of the certified copies no estic priority under 35 U.S. first sentence of the specif	Application No en received in this National Stage of received. C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application or in an Application Data	ication)				
 a) The translation of the foreign language 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome 			ecific				
reference was included in the first sentence o							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) 🔲 Notice o	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-42 are pending in this application.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 10, 18, 25 and 32 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atsushi et al. (A flexible content-based image retrieval system with combined scene description word, page 201-208, June 17-23, 1996, Multimedia Computing and System) in view of He et al. (US Patent No. 6,557,042 B1).

identifying, in response to a search query (keyword), first multimedia objects having an associated keyword that matches a keyword in the search query (meaning of image) and second multimedia objects (location, color, shape of the segment) that have content features similar to those of the first multimedia

Regarding on claims 1 and 9, Atsushi teaches a method comprising:

presenting the first and second multimedia objects to a user (page 104, left column, fig. 5).

objects (page 202, left column, lines 15-22);

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monitoring feedback from the user as to which of the first and second multimedia objects are relevant to the search query; and annotating one or more of the multimedia objects, which are deemed relevant by the user, with keyword. He teaches the annotating process using button 332 of Fig 5 excepting for annotating the multimedia objects based on the user's feedback. He teaches. "there are may be a relationship defined between a "marketing" group and an engineering group, such that user feedback from a user in the marketing group. also modifies the corresponding segment score in the engineering group. This modification may be the same (e.g., increase both scores by two for positive feedback), or different (e.g., for e positive feedback increase the segment score in the user's group by two and increase the segment score in the related group by one)" (col. 9, lines 56-64). This teaches the increasing the score by two when there are positive feedback from the user means annotating the segment by two of the marketing and engineering group. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include the user's feedback to modify the scores to annotate the marketing and engineering group to the multimedia object segment to allow the retrieval of the same segment that relevant to these marketing and engineering.

Regarding on claim 2, He teaches maintaining associations between the keywords and the multimedia objects, the associations being weighted to indicate how relevant the keywords are to the multimedia objects except for adjusting the weights of the associations based on the user's feedback (col. 9, lines 51-64).

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Regarding on claim 3, He teaches the adjusting comprises increasing a weight of an association between the keyword and a particular multimedia object that is deemed relevant by the user (col. 9, lines 51-64).

Regarding on claim 4, He teaches the adjusting comprises decreasing a weight of an association between the keyword and a particular multimedia object that is deemed irrelevant by the user (col. 9, lines 40-48).

Regarding on claim 5, He teaches removing the keyword from the particular multimedia object in an event that the weight is less than a threshold value (col. 7, lines 55-60).

Regarding on claim 6, He teaches training how the first and second multimedia objects are identified based on the user's feedback (col. 9, lines 23-56).

Regarding on claim 7, He teaches refining the search to identify additional multimedia objects that contain content features similar to those of the multimedia objects indicated by the user as being relevant (col. 8, lines 55-60).

Regarding on claim 8, Atsushi teaches the multimedia objects comprise one of digital images, video objects, and audio objects (col. 5, line 50).

4. Claims 9-11, 13-26, 28-34 and 37-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over He et al. (US. Patent No. 6,557,042).

Regarding on claims 10, 17 and 32, He teaches a method comprising:

Iteratively retrieving multimedia object from a data (the client-based browser also submits requests to the media server 104 for streaming data) (col. 4, lines 9-11);

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monitoring feedback from a user to whether the multimedia objects are relevant to a keyword in a search query (col. 9, lines 23-38); and

He teaches the annotating process using button 332 of Fig 5 excepting for annotating the multimedia objects based on the user's feedback. He teaches. "there are may be a relationship defined between a "marketing" group and an "engineering group, such that user feedback from a user in the marketing group also modifies the corresponding segment score in the engineering group. This modification may be the same (e.g., increase both scores by two for positive feedback), or different (e.g., for e positive feedback increase the segment score in the user's group by two and increase the segment score in the related group by one)" (col. 9, lines 56-64). This teaches the increasing the score by two when there are positive feedbacks from the user means annotating the segment by two of the marketing and engineering group. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include the user's feedback to modify the scores to annotate the marketing and engineering group to the multimedia object segment to allow the retrieval of the same segment that relevant to these marketing and engineering.

Regarding on claim 11, He teaches the retrieving comprises using content-based information retrieval to retrieve the multimedia objects (col. 4, lines 9-11).

Regarding on claim 13, He teaches the monitoring comprises monitoring both feature-based relevance feedback and semantic-based relevance feedback (col. 9, lines 23-27).

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Regarding on claim 14, He teaches the annotating is hidden from the user (col. 9, lines 22-37).

Regarding on claim 15, He teaches the annotating comprises:

in an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed relevant by the user and is not yet annotated with the keyword, adding the keyword to the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 49-64); and

in an event that the particular multimedia object is deemed relevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, weakening an association between the keyword and the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 49-64).

Regarding on claim 16, He teaches the annotating comprises:

In an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed irrelevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, weakening an association between the keyword and the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 45-64).

Regarding on claim 34, He teaches the search query comprises a contentbased search query having one or more content features (col. 4, lines 9-11).

Regarding on claim 37, He teaches the relevance feedback unit employs both feature-based relevance feedback and semantic-based relevance feedback (col. 9, lines 35-40).

Regarding on claim 38, He teaches the search query comprise a keyword-based search query having at least one keyword; and in an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed relevant by the user and is not yet annotated with keyword, the annotation units adds the keyword to the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 23-39).

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Regarding on claim 39, He teaches the search query comprises a keyword-based search query having at least one keyword; and in an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed relevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, the annotation unit strengthens an association between the keyword and the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 23-37).

Regarding on claim 40, He teaches the search query comprises a keyword-based search query having at least one keyword; and in an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed irrelevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, weakening an association between the keyword and the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 23-38).

Regarding on claim 41, He teaches the search query comprises a keyword-based search query having at least one keyword; and in an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed irrelevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, removing the keyword from the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 23-38).

Regarding on claim 42, He teaches the relevance feedback unit comprises a feedback analyzer to train the system based on the user's feedback (col. 9, lines 23-38).

Regarding on claims 18 and 24, He teaches method comprising: retrieving multimedia objects according to a content-based retrieval process (col. 3, lines 56-57);

presenting the multimedia object to a user (col. 3, lines 56-57);

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monitoring feedback from the user as to which of the multimedia objects are relevant (col. 9, lines 49-64); and

He does not explicitly teach annotating one or more of the multimedia objects based on the user's feedback. He teaches, "there are may be a relationship defined between a "marketing" group and an "engineering group, such that user feedback from a user in the marketing group also modifies the corresponding segment score in the engineering group. This modification may be the same (e.g., increase both scores by two for positive feedback), or different (e.g., for e positive feedback increase the segment score in the user's group by two and increase the segment score in the related group by one)" (col. 9, lines 56-64). This teaches the increasing the score by two when there are positive feedbacks from the user means annotating the segment by two of the marketing and engineering group. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include the user's feedback to modify the scores to annotate the marketing and engineering group to the multimedia object segment to allow the retrieval of the same segment that relevant to these marketing and engineering.

Regarding on claim 19, He teaches the monitoring comprises monitoring both feature-based relevance feedback and semantic-based relevance feedback (col. 9, lines 23-56).

Regarding on claim 20, He teaches the annotating is hidden from the user (col. 9, lines 23-27).

Regarding on claim 21, He teaches the annotating comprise:

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in an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed relevant by the user and not yet annotated with the keyword, adding the keyword to the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 45-47); and

in an event that the particular multimedia object is deemed relevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, strengthening an association between the keyword and the particular object (col. 9, lines 45-47).

Regarding on claim 22, He teaches the annotating comprises:

In an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed irrelevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, weakening an association between the keyword and the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 45-47).

Regarding on claim 23, He teaches the annotating comprises:

In an event that a particular multimedia object is deemed irrelevant by the user and is already annotated with the keyword, removing the keyword from the particular multimedia object (col. 9, lines 35-40).

Regarding on claims 25 and 31, He teaches a method comprising: retrieving a set of one or more multimedia objects for presentation to a user (col. 4, lines 9-11).

adjusting the weights of the associations based on the user's feedback (col. 9, lines 49-56).

monitoring feedback from the user as to which of the multimedia objects are relevant (col. 9, lines 49-56)

He does not explicitly teach maintaining association between keywords and multimedia objects, the associations being weight to indicate how relevant

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the keywords are to the multimedia objects. However, he teaches "alternatively, there may be relationship between different groups that result in summary information for multiple different groups being modified. There are may be a relationship defined between a "marketing" group and an "engineering group, such that user feedback from a user in the marketing group also modifies the corresponding segment score in the engineering group. This modification may be the same (e.g., increase both scores by two for positive feedback), or different (e.g., for e positive feedback increase the segment score in the user's group by two and increase the segment score in the related group by one)" (col. 9, lines 56-64). This teaches the association between the segment from the user groups, this corresponding to the objects and keywords. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include the association of the multimedia segments with the different groups as to the multimedia objects with the keywords in order to allow efficient retrieval process for relevant results.

Regarding on claim 26, He teaches the retrieving comprises using content-based information retrieval to retrieve the multimedia objects (col. 4, lines 9-11).

Regarding on claim 28, Morag teaches the monitoring comprises capturing both feature-based relevance feedback and semantic-based relevance feedback (col. 6, lines 52-55).

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Regarding on claim 29, He teaches the adjusting comprises increasing the weights of the association between the keywords and the multimedia objects that are deemed relevant by the user (col. 9, lines 56-64).

Regarding on claim 30, He teaches adjusting comprises decreasing the weights of the association between the keywords and the multimedia objects that are deemed irrelevant by the user (col. 9, lines 45-48).

5. Claims 12, 27 and 35-36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over in He et al. (US Patent No. 6,557,042 B1) in view of Atsushi et al. (A flexible content-based image retrieval system with combined scene description word, page 201-208, June 17-23, 1996, Multimedia Computing and System).

Regarding on claims 12, 27 and 35-36, He does not explicitly teach the retrieving comprises using both content-based information retrieval and semantic-based information retrieval to retrieve the multimedia objects.

However, Atsushi teaches, "let us suppose that a user wants an image with blue sea and a white house. The sea segment in at lower and the white house is on the sea. You can see the state water in State transition model as shown in fig. 1, so the retrieval query for blue sea at lower is made by Conceptual keyword" (page 204, left column, lines 24-32). This teaches the searching method utilizing both keywords and feature. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made include both keyword and feature to allow the user to conduct a search more specific and retrieve the results as requested.

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Contact Information

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Baoquoc N. To whose telephone number is (703) 305-1949 or via e-mail Baoquoc N. To@uspto.gov. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday: 8:00 AM – 4:30 PM, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Breene can be reached at (703) 305-9790.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231.

The fax numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follow:

(703) 872-9306 [Official Communication]

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Crystal Park II
2121 Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202
Fourth Floor (Receptionist).

Baoquoc N. To Dec 23, 2003

PRIMARY EXAMINER